

## Pacific Prevention of Domestic Violence Programme

### Logical Framework - Reconciliation of Activities to May 2009 - Analysis Matrix

Narrative	Indicators	MOV
<p><b>Goal:</b> A Safer Pacific Free from Domestic violence</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) Reduction in domestic violence offending<sup>1</sup></li> <li>ii) Reduction in domestic violence cases reported to women's crisis/refuge organisations</li> <li>iii) Increased number of domestic violence offenders being held accountable for their actions (eg prosecutions)</li> <li>iv) National legislation, national policy and National Development Plans effectively address domestic violence issues</li> <li>v) Increased commitment and capability of Pacific Police to respond effectively to domestic violence</li> <li>vi) Increased community awareness and commitment to the reduction of domestic violence</li> <li>vii) Effective partnerships exist to address domestic violence</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Police and Court Statistics</li> <li>Community survey.</li> <li>Crisis/refuge statistics/report.</li> <li>Numbers and types of prosecutions.</li> <li>Numbers attending relevant programmes (anger management, alcohol abuse etc.).</li> <li>Appropriate legislation in place.</li> <li>DV identified as a key issue in NDPs with relevant roles of agencies identified.</li> <li>Police policies, strategies, systems on DV in place/used.</li> <li>Police reporting on DV cases.</li> <li>Community survey.</li> <li>Numbers involved in relevant organisations.</li> <li>Active RAC and NDVPCs.</li> <li>Active network on DV.</li> <li>MOUs on roles and responsibilities of agencies.</li> </ul>

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<sup>1</sup> (Note: it is likely that initially there will be increased reporting of domestic violence (both to Police and women's crisis organisations) reflecting increased community awareness and confidence in reporting domestic violence and effective Police response including reporting procedures)

<b>Objective 1:</b> To increase Pacific Police capacity to prevent/respond effectively to domestic violence and to develop and maintain effective partnerships (regional level)			
<b>Outputs</b>	<b>Indicators</b>	<b>MOV</b>	<b>Commentary/ Achievements</b>
<b>Objective 1:</b> To increase Pacific Police capacity to prevent/respond effectively to domestic violence and to develop and maintain effective partnerships (regional level)	Nos. of Pacific Police Services with DV policies, strategies, systems and training. in place and used  Active RAC  Effective partnerships and networking  DV raised as priority issue in regional fora	Reporting to PPDVP, Reports from PRPI, ISPs, other donor programmes Selective review.  Minutes of RAC. Examples of information sharing, use of website, joint activities. Reports on regional fora.	<b>Commentary:</b> Micronesia Police assistance key focus area for 2009 - 2010.  <b>Achievements:</b> 2007 - DV policy in place in Niue and actively managed by Police Chief.  2009 - DV policy in place in Nauru.  RAC meetings held biannually.  Regional partnerships established with NGO's and Agencies (UNIFEM, FWCC, RRRT, PIFS LEU) leading to cooperation in planning and delivery and acknowledgement of DV as a regional issue, and recognition of the role of the Police.  June 2009 - PIF FRSC receives briefing paper on PPDVP.
<b>Output 1.1:</b> PICP endorse the PPDVP and promote domestic violence prevention as a priority	Positive response from PICP Annual Meeting indicating how support will be provided  Regional Police DV Policy	PICP Annual Meeting. Minutes. Reports from NZPOL.  Reg. Police DV Policy prepared/endorsed by PICP.	<b>Commentary:</b> PICP Endorsement of the PPDVP is achieved each year at the annual PICP meeting. The 2009 meeting is in PNG in September 2009.

	Requests to PPDVP or PICP for advice, support	PPDVP/PICP reports.	<b>Achievements:</b> September 2007 - PICP Members adopt Declaration of Partnership with PPDVP. September 2008 - PICP Members endorse PPDVP Annual Work Plan. Micronesian COP's request PPDVP assistance for 8 police forces in four countries, under the Declaration.
Activity 1.1.1: Present PPDVP to PICP Annual Meeting		Presentations made in 2005, 2006, 2007 and 2008. Planned for 2009.	
Activity 1.1.2: Consult on how PICP can support/promote the PPDVP (eg policy development, nominee(s) for PPDVP Regional Advisory Committee identification of key personnel in each country as DVP Coordinators/possible trainers etc.)		Occurs as part of each RAC meeting as an agenda item.	
Activity 1.1.3: Work with country reps at regional workshop, with PICP Sec. and relevant regional agencies to develop a regional Police Policy on DV. Obtain PICP endorsement		PICP has endorsed the PPDVP Declaration. PICP does not maintain national policies on specific items, other than Ethics and Integrity, and a development of a regional DV Police Policy is not within PICP work plans and Projects.	
Activity 1.1.4: Discuss and identify with the Women's Advisory Network (WAN) of the PICP ways in which the PPDVP might support their action plan (relevant to DV prevention) and ways in which WAN might support the PPDVP objectives		PPDVP has been represented at 2007 and 2008 WAN meetings and presented at a Programme Level and an In Country Level (Cook islands). Opportunities for staff exchanges are developed. WAN Minutes of Meetings record WAN PPDVP support.	
Output 1.2: Key Police officers from all Pacific countries have increased awareness of and commitment to addressing domestic violence and increased capability to respond effectively	Selection and attendance of appropriate Police officers at PPDVP regional workshops Capability assessments of workshop participants Evidence of implementing training (eg policies, trng.etc)	Clear and transparent selection criteria. Workshop reports and individual assessments. Reports to PPDVP/PICP.	<b>Commentary:</b> PICP Endorsement of the PPDVP is achieved each year at the annual PICOP meeting. The 2009 meeting is in PNG in September 2009.  <b>Achievements:</b> July 2005 - 34th PICP meeting endorses PPDVP plan (Fiji). August 2006 -

			35th PICP meeting endorses PPDVP Business plan (Palau). April 2007 - Regional Train the Trainer in basic DV curriculum, 12 countries and 25 attendees. Training commences in Kiribati, Cook Islands and Niue, followed by Tonga and Samoa. Training assisted in Nauru by Reserve Mentor.
Activity 1.2.1: Pacific Police commissioners in each country nominate a Senior Sponsor for the PPDVP and DV Prevention Coordinator (DVPC)		In place in each country and monitored and updated.	
Activity 1.2.2: Pacific Police commissioners nominate appropriate individuals (at least one of whom should be the DVPC or the senior sponsor) to attend a two week regional training workshop on DV		Occurs and is updated.	
Activity 1.2.3: Communication with nominees and senior Police managers to ensure officers nominated are appropriate, assess training needs, identify opportunities for participants to present, advise materials to be brought on the course etc.		Provision is made for process to replace OC of DVU's and has worked in four cases to 2008 (Kiribati (2), Cook Islands, Tonga.)	
Activity 1.2.4: Preparation of course outline and materials, logistical arrangements, circulation and feedback prior to finalising course content		Completed for both basic and advanced DV Train the Trainer programmes through regional workshops as part of development phase.	
Activity 1.2.5: Facilitation of the course ensuring a high level of participation and practical content relevant to participants own situations		Basic Course April 2007, advanced course June 2008, refresher course Tonga May 2009.	
Activity 1.2.6: Assessment of participants evaluation and identification of follow-up/support needs and how these might be met		Completed at all PPDVP training delivery activities	
Activity 1.2.7: Establishment of guidelines, criteria, application and reporting forms and assessment of proposals for technical assistance and study tours to assist Police capacity building initiatives. Identification of other sources to provide support if required)		TAF Guidelines in place, updated in 2007. Used on 42 activities up to May 2009. Linkages to UNDP and UNFPA activities and funding identified in April 2009.	
Output 1.3: Selected Police staff (eg Heads of Training or DVPC) skilled and resourced to deliver training in-country on effective Police response to	Appropriate Police officers selected  Positive Workshop assessments	Selection criteria and process.  Workshop report on assessments.	<b>Commentary:</b> 2009 - 10 activities linked to the development of GoA PPDP.

<p>domestic violence</p>	<p>Relevant materials produced/available</p> <p>In-country training carried out.</p>	<p>Workshop report on production of materials.</p> <p>Reports to PPDVP/PICP.</p>	<p><b><u>Achievements:</u></b></p> <p>2006 - PRPI Heads of Training Meeting briefed on PPDVP, activities aligned with PRPI delivery plans</p> <p>2007 - PRPI Heads of Training endorsement for PRPI delivery plans. New work area of Forensic Medical support identified to meet PRPI and PPDVP objectives.</p> <p>2008 - PPDVP participates in PRPI Heads of Training meeting in Cairns.</p> <p>2009 - June PPDP Heads of Training meeting attended by PPDVP to ensure linkages maintained during transition phases of PPDP.</p> <p>April 2007 - Representatives attend Train the Trainer in Auckland on basic DV. In Country Training Programme initiated in Solomon Islands, PNG, Niue and Nauru.</p> <p>March 2008 and June 2008 - Train the Trainers Programme in DV investigations developed and delivered in Tonga. In country training programme adopted in Solomon islands, PNG and Niue.</p>
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			<p>As above - Basic DV curriculum and advanced curriculum developed and delivered to all PICP members.</p> <p>2007 - PPDVP Electronic Toolkit of Resources developed and distributed</p> <p>May 2009 - PPDVP web site with access to on line resources initiated.</p>
Activity 1.3.1: Identify Police officers with previous training in DV and appropriately placed in the agency who have potential to become effective trainers		Initial in country assessments failed to identify any suitable people, other than the Executive Sponsor (Itu) in Tonga.	
Activity 1.3.2: Communication with these individuals on country specific training needs, existing resources/training materials, etc.		Support provided to Tonga on case by case basis and in development of business plan for Tongan national Centre for Women and Children.	
Activity 1.3.3: Development of a participatory hands-on training of trainers two week workshop which will provide participants with the ability to develop country specific relevant training materials and to practice delivery of participatory methods.		see 1.2.4 and 1..2.5 above	
Activity 1.3.4: Facilitation of the TOT course, evaluation with participants and identification of needs for on-going support and how this might be met		as above	
<p>Output 1.4: An effective regional network of Police and other agencies with a specific focus on domestic violence established for mutual support, information exchange, promotion of DV as a priority at regional fora etc.</p>	<p>RAC established and active</p> <p>Regional Network established and used</p> <p>Useful and effective study tours and TAs provided</p> <p>DVP has increased regional prominence</p>	<p>RAC minutes. Review interviews.</p> <p>Numbers of users and frequency of use of website/email contact.</p> <p>Reports on cross country study tours and technical assistance.</p> <p>Key regional meetings/publications address DVP.</p>	<p><b>Commentary:</b> 2009 - 2010 activities - TAF will be a key tool in the delivery of a response to Micronesia police services.</p> <p>Micronesian regional network on DV planned.</p> <p><b>Achievements:</b> RAC established and meetings held</p>

			<p>biannually.</p> <p>April 2007 - Regional training establishes linkages between members working on DV.</p> <p>Biannual PPDVP newsletter developed and produced since October 2006 to share knowledge, skills and experiences.</p> <p>TAF used for study tours.</p> <p>Sept 2007 - Tuvalu to Tonga DV unit - unit management and processes. Nov 07 - Two Samoa officers to Porirua - identify best practice for intervention at time of DV event occurring.</p> <p>Jan 08 - NZ DV training expert to Kiribati for police training programmes to act as male role model.</p> <p>Sept 08 - PNG Police senior investigator to Auckland for DV casework, child abuse, inter-agency cooperation - PNG response plan for Port Moresby Sexual and DV Crimes Unit developed.</p> <p>Dec 08 - Regional study tour in Auckland for 8 attendees, focus on investigative response. PNG (Lea) and Nauru Police develop specific response plans, using DV response</p>
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			<p>teams.</p> <p>Feb 09 - Samoan legal drafter to NZ to meet with various agencies and organisation. Samoa DV legislative response modified as a result.</p> <p>April 09 - PIFS Law Enforcement Unit attend RAC meeting.</p> <p>June 2009 - FRSC briefing paper on PPDVP to inform senior PIF Government officials.</p>
Activity 1.4.1: Discuss with PICP, Police DVPCs, Heads of Training, relevant regional agencies etc. the potential role and benefits of a regional network on DV issues to share information, views, new initiatives etc.		Discussed at PRPI level and HOT meetings. Ongoing discussion and liaison with PPDP Team Leader (GJS)	
Activity 1.4.2: Identify key individuals in Pacific Police agencies), relevant regional agencies, NGOs and donors that might be part of such a network and organise setting up and maintaining a website/email network		Website initiated May 2009. Contributions sought every 6 months for PPDVP Newsletter with direct input from countries and others.	
Activity 1.4.3: Explore opportunities for a regular regional teleconference on issues relating to domestic violence		Not yet arisen. Facilities within USP and SPC identified via PICP for use if required.	
Activity 1.4.4: Identify opportunities for cross-country sharing of Police experience in relation to domestic violence (eg 1-2 week study tours) and establish a mechanism for this to happen (eg a contestable fund with clear criteria and reporting requirements)		see TAF at 1.2.7 above.	
Output 1.5: PPDVP initiatives effectively integrated into PRPI Programme components and coordinated with other Police capacity building initiatives.	PPDVP/PRPI resources, training materials, best practice notes in relation to DV are well integrated avoiding duplication. Development of PRPI programmes (such as recruit core competencies, up skilling of supervisors) include PPDVP content. PPDVP use skills developed under	<p>PRPI and PPDVP resources.</p> <p>Reports from participating countries.</p> <p>Minutes of meetings between PRPI/PPDVP.</p> <p>PRPI supplies names of appropriately trained officers.</p>	<p><b>Commentary:</b> 2009 – 2010 (To 31 December 2009) Emphasis on development of in-country working groups to ensure continuity of cooperation and information sharing and recognition of skills of medical and police in DV cases. PPDP and PPDVP activities aligned</p>



	PRPI (eg WORD adult education trainers)	PPDVP keeps record of those attending regional workshops/TOTs etc.	where possible. (Note - this PPDP programme will stop in late 2009).  Activity 1.5.2: Ensure clear understanding between both parties of information/inputs required and timetables.
Activity 1.5.1: Agree linkages between the PPDVP and PRPI components		PPDVP has participated in development of PRPI Annual Plans on relevant components. Difficulties currently faced in engagement and discussion on PPDP. Ongoing discussions with GJS on the 2009 interim year.	
Activity 1.5.2: Ensure clear understanding between both parties of information/inputs required and timetables.		Plans and delivery activities and schedules regularly shared at Manager level.	

<p><b>Objective 2</b> To increase Police capacity to prevent/respond effectively to domestic violence in Cook Islands, Samoa, Tonga, and Kiribati. Note - Vanuatu included in programme from July 2008</p>			
Outputs	Indicators	MOV	Commentary/ Achievements
<p><b>Objective 2</b> To increase Police capacity to prevent/respond effectively to domestic violence in Cook Islands, Samoa, Tonga, and Kiribati. Note - Vanuatu included in programme from July 2008</p>	<p>DV staff in place</p> <p>DV policies, action plans, systems in place and implemented</p> <p>Effective DV training conducted and included in recruit and in-service curricula.</p>	<p>DVP Coordinator and Mentor reports. Police reports on DV cases. Reports from relevant agencies/NGOs. Community survey. PPDVP review – interviews. Review of curricula and trainee assessments.</p>	<p><b>Achievements:</b> National DV coordinator appointed in Cook Islands Police.</p> <p>DV units established in Samoa, Tonga and Kiribati, and approved for Vanuatu.</p> <p>PV Policies, Strategies and Action Plans in place for Cook Islands, Tonga, Samoa and Kiribati, and agreed in principle for Vanuatu.</p> <p>DV training included in all pacific and regional recruit training.</p> <p>Specialist DV training delivered in Cook Islands, Samoa, Kiribati and Tonga.</p> <p>DV Training included in training curriculum for Cook Islands, Tonga, Samoa and Kiribati.</p> <p>Reported DV cases in Cook islands, Samoa, Tonga and Kiribati have increased and reach a plateau of regular reporting, as anticipated. The level of reporting to Police has</p>

			exceeded the level of reporting to NGO's, which was the baseline in the past, indicating public confidence in the police to receive and action complaints.
<p>Output 2.1: Development of sustainable relationships between NZPOL personnel and Police in participating countries and commitment from senior Police management to making effective Police response to domestic violence a priority</p>	<p>Good feedback on PPDVP PM and mentors</p> <p>Snr.Police mgt. promote DV prevention/response to staff and community</p> <p>Support from senior Police to develop DV policies, plans.</p> <p>Strong mgt./supervision of DV systems/best practice</p> <p>DV policy/plans high priority in agency strategic/business plan</p>	<p>PPDVP review, PM visits.</p> <p>DVP Coordinator/mentor reports.</p> <p>Policies/plans/systems in place and supported.</p> <p>Clear effective supervision of best practice on DV.</p> <p>DV included as high priority in business plan/strategy.</p>	<p><b><u>Commentary:</u></b> 2009 - 2010 - Emphasis in Samoa and Kiribati on establishing Management Team to oversee DV and to ensure reporting and adherence to agreed standards. Feedback through other sources indicates healthy levels of interaction and support by local Police to the DV programme and activities - eg Samoa MAP talks April 2009.</p> <p><b><u>Achievements:</u></b> Feedback at PICP meeting, RAC meetings where one country attends, and at other regional fora eg RRRT Consultation April 2009 at Nadi, provides "good feedback" on the role of the Programme Manager, Programme Officer and Mentors.</p> <p>Cook Islands, Samoa, Tonga and Kiribati police executive actively support effective action on DV cases through feedback and presentations at RAC meetings.</p> <p>DV action plans, business plans and inclusion in strategic plans in all</p>

		<p>participating countries.</p> <p>Cook Islands Police have DV as a key indicator in their business plan.</p> <p>Samoa Police receive a written monthly analysis from the DV team and assess this as a management team.</p> <p>Tonga Police have an active Management Committee which reviews policy, procedures and all cases on a monthly basis.</p> <p>February 2009 - Solomon Is Training for district DV coordinators - coordinator shares his own change in behaviour as a result of the course with others</p> <p>April 2009 - RAC meeting Kiribati acting Commissioner explains the changes to his own behaviour and to others through the delivery of the DV programme.</p>
Activity 2.1.1: Ensure selection of suitable PPDVP PM and Mentors with appropriate skills and knowledge	Selection processes used and demonstrated with PM (2) and mentors (2 rounds - 5 selected and two selected)	
Activity 2.1.2: Ensure sufficient time for initial meetings to enable sharing of vision, experiences, hopes for the programme etc.	Induction programmes developed and achieved.	
Activity 2.1.3: Provide sufficient and appropriate input to the PICP Meeting to enable PICP to promote DV prevention as a priority concern for Pacific Police	See 1.1.1 above	
Activity 2.1.4: Provide awareness raising/training for senior Police on domestic violence issues and discuss and determine key areas for support	See 1.1.1 above. PRPI included DV as a component in their Senior Management Skills Programmes	

Activity 2.1.5: Plan and carry out with Police a participatory baseline study (surveys, focus groups, existing systems etc) to obtain information on Police knowledge, attitudes and behaviour in relation to DV.	Completed for Cook Islands, Samoa, Tonga and Kiribati. Vanuatu baseline due by 30 June 2009.		
Activity 2.1.6: Ensure wide knowledge and awareness within the Police Service of the rationale and intention of the programme.	Achieved as a key ingredient of mentors visits and Management visits at least annually. Country participation at RAC on a rotational basis.		
<p>Output 2.2</p> <p>Dedicated and adequately resourced personnel in each country with key responsibilities for overseeing Police best practice in response to DV</p>	<p>PPDVP Senior Sponsor and DVPC (and additional positions as desired) identified and have clear job descriptions</p> <p>Resources provided for DVPC Office</p>	<p>DVPC Mentor reports.</p> <p>Job descriptions available.</p> <p>DV policy, action plans, systems and procedures.</p> <p>DV in training curricula.</p> <p>DVPC/Mentor reports.</p> <p>Acquittals for equipment/furniture.</p>	<p><b>Achievements:</b></p> <p>Executive sponsors identified in all four countries.</p> <p>Sponsors in Tonga, Kiribati and Cook Islands especially effective.</p> <p>April 2009 - Samoa Police appoint experienced / senior commissioned officer to lead their DV unit.</p> <p>2009 - DV units in Kiribati, Samoa and Tonga are fully staffed. Vanuatu Police Commissioner commits to additional staff for the new DVU, as a part of the Sexual Crimes Unit, with four staff allocated for DV.</p> <p>2009 - Tonga Police Commander actively manages performance of OC of the DVU on a performance basis, and identifies and corrects areas of concern or lack of adherence to agreed policy and standards.</p>
Activity 2.2.1: Consult with Chief of Police/senior mgt. To determine how programme will be managed and resources required	Occurs at the commencement and end of each mentor visit. Reporting mechanisms in place in Tonga, Vanuatu and Samoa. Will be duplicated for others in 2009-10.		
Activity 2.2.2: Agree roles and responsibilities and identify senior sponsor and DVP Coordinator	Achieved in all countries.		
Activity 2.2.3: Develop TOR for the positions of Senior Sponsor and PDVC	Achieved.		

Activity 2.2.4: Provide resources as required and agreed for DVPC office and role (eg computer, fax, internet connection, budget for training, materials, media.)		Achieved as part of office fit out. TAF used on occasions for specific requests for assistance.	
Activity 2.2.5: Develop a programme of training/mentoring for DVPC (including regional trainings)		In place in all five countries.	
Activity 2.2.6: Develop with senior mgt, DVPC and others a work programme to address priority needs in Police response to DV		Established under initial Mou, updated as part of annual business plan process, rolling in country plan for mentors activities managed.	
Activity 2.2.7: Facilitate an annual meeting of DV Coordinators and mentors in one of the participating countries to share experiences/progress/constraints and for peer review		Has occurred as a sideline in the TtT development process in 2007 and 2008. Depending on period of PPDVP a further workshop may be required late in 2009 - 2010 FY.	
Output 2.3: A National Police Policy on domestic violence in place in each country	Policy developed by staff  Policy Published.  Training on Policy conducted  Staff understands the Policy.	Police Policy on DV Training evaluation. Mentor reports. PPDVP review/interviews with staff.	<b><u>Commentary:</u></b> 2009 - 2010 – In-country focus on actual take up of policies and processes.  Vanuatu will focus on adoption, training and implementation of the draft policies.  <b><u>Achievements:</u></b> 2007 - Samoa Police Commissioner adopts DV policy and no drop policy for assault cases.  2007 - Cook Islands Police strategic and business plan includes DV as one of four key components. Police policy on DV developed and implemented. Monitored on a monthly basis.  2008 - Tonga Police Commanders policy on DV and "no drop" for assault cases implemented and monitored on a monthly review basis.

			<p>2009 - Kiribati Police develop policy and business plan for DV. Feb 2009 - Vanuatu Commissioner agrees on draft DV policy and practice notes.</p> <p>Policies published in each case and form a part of strategic and business plans for each police service.</p>
Activity 2.3.1: Discuss key components of a national Police Policy on DV with senior and relevant officers		Achieved in Cook Islands, Kiribati and Tonga, as well as Solomon Islands. Partly achieved in Samoa although 2009 - 2010 Samoa Police Annual Plan is deficient - to be addressed by mentor in May 2009.	
Activity 2.3.2: Provide PICP regional policy on prevention of DV and/or other countries as models		Delivered in UNIFEM and RRRT workshops, and especially in April 2009 RRRT Workshop. Input provided to four yearly FWCC regional processes.	
Activity 2.3.3: Work with staff to develop a relevant, appropriate policy		As above.	
Activity 2.3.4: Ensure inclusion of arrangements to monitor and report on implementation of the policy		As above. Very strong in Cook islands, Tonga and Kiribati. Anticipated for Vanuatu.	
Activity 2.3.5: Seek input/comment on policy from all staff		Planning process in some countries is quite "divorced" from input at this level, but opportunities taken when they are available.	
Activity 2.3.6: Seek input from relevant stakeholders		Occurs in all participating countries via PPDVP / DVU and also directly with Chiefs of Police.	
Activity 2.3.7: Provide assistance with publication, distribution, promotion and training related to the Policy		TAF used, also templates and advice from other examples provided.	
Output 2.4 Police Strategy and Action Plans to address domestic violence in place in each country	<p>Clear, realistic Strategy and Action Plans developed in workshops and endorsed by senior mgt.</p> <p>Clearly defined roles and responsibilities for implementation Monitoring of implementation</p>	<p>Strategy and Action Plans. Workshop report. DVPC/Mentor reports. Job descriptions. DVPC/ Mentor reports. PPDVP review interviews with staff.</p>	<p><b>Commentary:</b> See response in 2.3 above on Police Strategic Plans, Business Plans and Action Plans</p>
Activity 2.4.1: Work with senior and relevant staff and DVPC to identify key		Actions plans for Cook Islands, Tonga and Kiribati established. Samoa Police	

components of a strategy and action plans to implement the policy		general plan is deficient so DVU plan developed. Vanuatu initial proposals accepted by ComPol.	
Activity 2.4.2: Provide examples of other countries strategies/plans as models		Examples from countries shared, especially Cook Islands model and Solomon Islands models.	
Activity 2.4.3: Identify clear, specific tasks in the action plan		As above.	
Activity 2.4.4: Provide training on the strategy and action plan for all staff		Provided by PRPI but opportunities for one on one assistance given as they occur.	
Activity 2.4.5: Work with staff charged with completing specific actions to ensure clarity		Primary responsibility of mentors during in country visits and as part of their rolling country plans.	
Activity 2.4.6: Monitor implementation of the strategy/action plan according to the agreed timetable		As for 2.4.5 above.	
Output 2.5: Appropriate and effective systems and procedures in place and used consistently by Police in each country to address domestic violence	Clearly defined DV systems/procedures  Clear roles and responsibilities  Effective supervision  Monitoring	DVPC/mentor reports, including an outline of systems/procedures. Job descriptions. Mentor report on supervisors training. PPDVP review.	<b><u>Commentary:</u></b> 2009 – 2010 - Activities continued to support to in country data analysis.  Upgrade of CMIS database software in each installation to Jade Investigator 4.0.03.  Establish procedures to collect offence reports from outlying stations and islands in Samoa, Tonga and Kiribati.  Assessment on use of CMIS in Vanuatu, alongside installation of VPF offence reporting system by ISP. Potential installation and training in CMIS for DVU.  <b><u>Achievements:</u></b> 2006 & 2007 - Samoa Police establish DV reporting mechanisms and



			<p>practices. Case reporting for Apia averages over 30 cases per month.</p> <p>2009 - Samoa DVU uses best practice in dealing with a high profile case where a close family member was the suspect.</p> <p>2008 - Tonga Police Commander promulgates Force Order on DV with strict performance measures on assault cases. Demonstrates commitment at monthly meeting on DV committee. Case reporting has initially increased and settled to 25 cases a month on Tongatapu.</p> <p>Jan 2009 - Kiribati Police Management Workshop on DV establishes Policy and Business Plan to combat DV, as a part of the overall Government response to the GBV surveys.</p> <p>2008 and 2009 - CMIS database introduced; staff trained; systems installed. Cook Islands Police adopt CMIS as standard offence reporting mechanism.</p> <p>2008 - Tonga Police Commander considers CMIS for general use. CMIS in place in DVU's in Tonga, Samoa and Kiribati. Offence analysis undertaken in each country, and by PPDVP</p>
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			<p>Implementation Team, at a regional level.</p> <p>2008 and 2009 – In- country support by Programme Support Officer in identifying target families and victims through CMIS data analysis. Development of family and offender profiles for reference by front line staff. Multiple and high risk families identified by CMIS use.</p> <p>May 2009 - Cook Islands reporting and analysis structure reviewed by Support Officer to identify areas of best practice, and to place emphasis on targeting by the Intelligence Section of DV cases which are high risk.</p>
Activity 2.5.1: Identify systems and procedures currently in place to respond, record and report on DV		Cook Islands spreadsheet identified but inoperable. No other suitable processes identified.	
Activity 2.5.2: Identify the need for new or improved systems/procedures		Development specification developed in 2006, initial development did not deliver desired results. New SPEC and limited RFT developed in 2007, Jade CMIS selected.	
Activity 2.5.3: Establish timetable and key staff to be involved in development of systems/procedures		Completed in 2007.	
Activity 2.5.4: Identify and provide resources required for the development and on-going implementation and maintenance of required systems eg DV forms, database		As above CMIS installed in Cook Islands, Samoa, Tonga and Kiribati in September 2007. Further installations in Solomon Islands, Tuvalu and Niue.	
Activity 2.5.5: Work with relevant staff to develop improved systems		PPDVP Support Officer trained as trainer and to provide analysis support.	
Activity 2.5.6: Provide workshop and/or on the job training in new systems		As per 2.5.5	
Activity 2.5.7: Develop and implement effective monitoring and reporting systems to ensure all new systems are consistently and effectively used		PPDVP Support Officer does six monthly data extracts and provides in country training and support in data analysis.	
Activity 2.5.8: Develop systems to inform key government and community		CMIS reports process used in each site.	

stakeholders of DV reporting to Police			
Activity 2.5.9: Develop and distribute throughout the agency appropriate leaflets, posters etc. to reinforce key messages on appropriate Police DV practice		Output reports and graphs used effectively at each site.	
Output 2.6: Effective training on domestic violence is included in all recruitment training and regular in service training and on-the job training on domestic violence is provided in all countries	Recruit and in-service training curricula include effective DV components  Training on DV regularly provided by skilled, well prepared trainers	Curricula for recruit and in-service training. Training reports. Trainee assessment reports. DVPC/Mentor reports. PPDVP review.	<p><b><u>Commentary:</u></b> 2009-2010 - Samoa - assessment of recruit training examination results on DV component to assess level of understanding of DV.</p> <p><b><u>Achievements:</u></b> 2006 - PRPI recruit programme includes DV component.</p> <p>2007 - Pacific regional Recruit Training Programme developed and delivered, includes DV component.</p> <p>2008 - Kiribati Police pilot programme, PPDVP provides direct input on the DV section with local DVU / FASO staff. Award instigated for "Best Recruit" in the relevant work area.</p> <p>2007 - 2008 - Samoa, Tonga and Cook Islands, and others, adopt Recruit Training Programme.</p> <p>2008 and 2009 - Samoa Recruit Training includes extended DV component delivered by DVU staff, and examined as part of curriculum.</p> <p>May 2009 - Tonga Police Training</p>

			School Staff all trained as trainers in DV. District coordinators trained in DV and DV investigations.
Activity 2.6.1: Assess current training provided on DV and identify gaps or improvements needed		Core component in each mentors visit.	
Activity 2.6.2: Identify current resources available for reference and training on DV and provide new resources as necessary		As identified above - TAF used.	
Activity 2.6.3: Identify opportunities for increased training on DV in recruit training, in-service training, distance education, regional workshops		As above.	
Activity 2.6.4: Integrate new training modules into recruit/in-service curricula		Achieved in each country.	
Activity 2.6.5: Identify individuals who would benefit from training and/or be able to pass on training or impact on practice			
Activity 2.6.6: Provide mentoring for individuals trained as trainers		As part of mentor's visits and at regional development workshops and curriculum development in 2007 and 2008.	

<p><b>Objective 3</b> To develop and maintain effective partnerships between Police and relevant Government agencies, NGOs, churches, community leaders to prevent/respond effectively to domestic violence in Cook Islands, Samoa, Tonga and Kiribati. Note - Vanuatu included in programme from July 2008</p>			
Outputs	Indicators	MOV	Commentary /Achievements
<p><b>Objective 3</b> To develop and maintain effective partnerships between Police and relevant Government agencies, NGOs, churches, community leaders to prevent/respond effectively to domestic violence in Cook Islands, Samoa, Tonga and Kiribati. Note - Vanuatu included in programme from July 2008</p>	<p>National DVP Committees in place and meet regularly</p> <p>Agreement on roles and responsibilities of Police and other agencies</p> <p>Regular combined cooperative actions on DV</p>	<p>Committee membership and TOR, minutes of meetings.</p> <p>MOU's with key agencies.</p> <p>Reports on combined activities. DVPC/mentor report. PPDVP review.</p>	<p><b>Commentary:</b> 2009 – 2010 - activities linked with RRRT programme to support National DVP committees.</p> <p>Active support to National DVP Committees by Police Chief in country, and PPDVP programme.</p> <p>Further consideration for a National DVP in the Cook Islands, although this is not favoured by some (Punanga Tauturu). RRRT activities in Cook Islands will assist in breaking through this deadlock.</p> <p>Development of Vanuatu National DVP in conjunction with existing NGO's especially the National Centre for Women.</p> <p>Review of existing Police and NGO MoU in Cook Islands and Tonga to ensure they are effective and current.</p> <p>Development of a collective MoU between Samoa Police and coalition of NGO's.</p>

<p>Output 3.1 National leaders have increased awareness and commitment to reduce DV</p>	<p>Meetings with key leaders</p> <p>Awareness raising on DV at national leaders meetings (eg NCC, meetings of Chiefs).</p>	<p>Minutes/reports of meetings. DVPC/Mentor reports. PPDVP review – interviews with leaders.</p>	<p><b>Achievements:</b> 2009 - Vanuatu Government passes DV legislation. President endorses the Bill. Act becomes law in March 2009.</p> <p>June 2009 - PIF FRSC briefing will lead to increase awareness of PPDVP and recognition of DV as a national harm.</p> <p>2009 – 2010 - National media campaigns, with other agencies and groups, to raise awareness of DV as an issue in each country. See also objective 5.</p> <p>2009 - National DVP Committees in place in Samoa and Tonga. Agreement reached for committee in Vanuatu, based on existing structures. Government agreement in Kiribati for a National DVP Committee as part of the overall response mechanism for the GBV survey response.</p> <p>2009 - Samoa Committee roles established.</p> <p>April 2009 - Tonga Committee roles being negotiated.</p>
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			<p>2009 - Samoa GBV Committee operating and effectively overseeing and supporting development of FDV legislation.</p> <p>2007 – 2009 - Active participation with KANGO in Kiribati and other specific NGO's including the Catholic Church.</p> <p>2007 - Cook Islands Prime Minister declares that DV is a problem in their community.</p> <p>2008 - Cook Islands National Council of Churches, and Catholic Bishop, commits to working to reduce incidence of DV.</p> <p>2007 - 2009 - Cook Islands community and outer island meetings and workshops on DV held with community groups, churches and NGO's.</p> <p>2007 - 2009 - Police Minister commits to establishment of DV unit and adequate resourcing to meet the identified/demonstrated demand. Demonstrates commitment as workload increases and extra resources provided. Supports establishment of District Police DV Coordinators.</p> <p>July 2008 - Samoa Prime Minister and</p>
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			<p>Minister of Police publicly commit to combat DV during opening of DV office.</p> <p>December 2008 - Kiribati President commits to a national action plan to work to reduce the incidence of DV. President commitment by letter to work with PPDVP.</p>
Activity 3.1.1: Identify opportunities to raise DV issues with national leaders		Calls made on Leaders as part of Management visits. Advice provided to senior government officials in both participating and linked countries.	
Activity 3.1.2: Encourage involvement of national leaders in public survey/discussion to assess KAP on DV		Demonstrated in role of Republic of Kiribati President leadership in 2008 at GBV survey analysis and response plan. Ongoing.	
Activity 3.1.3: With NGOs and others seek opportunities to provide awareness raising for national leaders on DV		As above.	
Activity 3.1.4: Provide or arrange assistance for church/community leaders to develop strategies to prevent/respond to DV in their churches/communities		Key component in all participating countries. Excellent results in Cook Islands and Tonga, and lower level results but with good effect (Refuge level) in Kiribati. Samoa progressing as part of community consultation phase for legislation in May 2009.	
<p>Output 3.2</p> <p>Increased public sector / NGO / Community awareness of DV and commitment to its reduction</p>	<p>Agency/community survey on DV</p> <p>Increased awareness of extent and impact of DV</p> <p>Publicity campaign on findings</p>	<p>Survey report.</p> <p>DVPC/Mentor report on how findings disseminated.</p> <p>Report on publicity campaign.</p> <p>PPDVP review – interviews.</p> <p>Post PPDVP survey.</p>	<p><b><u>Commentary:</u></b></p> <p>2009 - Cooperation between PPDVP Baseline survey in Vanuatu and Vanuatu WHO GBV Survey.</p> <p>2009 – 2010 - National media campaigns, with other agencies and groups, to raise awareness of DV as an issue in each country.</p> <p><b><u>Achievements:</u></b></p> <p>2005 - Samoa Government accepts and adopts WHO GBV Survey,</p>



			<p>establishes Ministry of Women's Affairs.</p> <p>2008 - Solomon Islands and Kiribati Governments receive local GBV WHO standard surveys. Commitment by Kiribati President to national plan of action. March 2009 - Solomon Islands Government adopts detailed report on GBV.</p> <p>2008 - Vanuatu Government agrees to support a GBV WHO standard survey in Vanuatu.</p> <p>Publicity given on each of the outcomes for Solomon Islands and Kiribati.</p>
Activity 3.2.1: With relevant NGOs/agencies carry out a public survey/focus groups to assess extent, knowledge, attitudes, behaviour on DV		Baseline completed 2007.	
Activity 3.2.2: Collate and analyse the information and feedback to agencies		Baselines distributed to participants late 2007.	
Activity 3.2.3: Incorporate information as baseline data for the PPDVP		Baselines completed 2007	
Activity 3.2.4: Develop and implement a publicity/communication campaign based on the information generated		Planned for 2009 - 2010 FY	
Activity 3.2.5: With other relevant agencies/NGOs plan a follow-up programme of awareness raising identifying realistic roles for Police and other agencies		As for 3.2.4	
Activity 3.2.6: Set up a Small Grants Scheme (up to \$3000 per grant with applications to be assessed by the National Committee) to assist agencies/NGOs implement DVP initiatives		Established in 2006. Used on 13 cases up to May 2009.	
Output 3.3 Relevant Government agencies have increased awareness, clarity of their own role and that of Police, have	Regular meetings between Police and relevant government agencies	Minutes of meetings. DVPC/Mentor reports. MOUs or TORs.	<b><u>Commentary:</u></b> 2009 – 2010 - High priority area for advancement of agreements on roles

<p>developed agency action plans on DV, identified individuals for interagency contact, established effective interagency partnerships</p>	<p>Agreement on respective roles and responsibilities</p> <p>Contact points identified</p> <p>Agency action plans on DV developed</p>	<p>List of individuals (and back ups).</p> <p>Action Plans. PPDVP review.</p>	<p>and responsibilities. Support to development of agency action plans on DV.</p> <p><b><u>Achievements:</u></b></p> <p>2007 - Tonga - briefings held with Government agencies and active support from Solicitor General, AG's and others.</p> <p>2008 - Tongan Police Commander initiates initial workshops between agencies on DV as a national issue.</p> <p>2008 - National GBV Committee with 22 senior Government representatives established under Ministry of Women's Affairs.</p> <p>2009 - Agreed that this existing structure will be the National DVP Committee.</p> <p>2008 - Kiribati agencies drawn into a national response plan on DV. Roles and activities agreed. Action plans established.</p>
<p>Activity 3.3.1: Meet with senior officials in relevant govt. agencies to discuss respective roles of Police and the agency on DV, seek agreement for staff participation in survey, seek on-going collaboration</p>	<p>Has occurred in each participating country. Ongoing at each visit of mentor and maintained by DVU throughout each year.</p>		
<p>Activity 3.3. 2: Work with agencies to develop an MOU with Police clarifying respective roles and responsibilities on DVP</p>	<p>MoU in place for each country. Review of MoU in 2009 - 2010 FY to identify any areas where changes are required.</p>		
<p>Activity 3.3.3: Work with agencies to encourage development of DVP Action</p>	<p>Scope for further progress in this item, but will be linked with activities in</p>		

Plans		support of RRRT programme from 2009 onwards	
<p>Output 3.4 NGOs with a mandate to address DV have increased respect for commitment and capacity of Police to respond effectively to DV, have identified individuals as contact points, assisted in organizing the public survey/discussion on DV, share information and experience and participate actively in interagency partnerships on DV</p>	<p>NGOs work closely with Police, sharing information and knowledge</p> <p>NGOs actively involved in conducting community survey and disseminating findings</p> <p>NGOs key members of NDVPCs</p>	<p>Reports on meetings, combined activities/NGO Police training DVPC/Mentor reports MOUs between relevant NGOs and Police.</p> <p>DVPC/Mentor reports.</p> <p>List of members Minutes of meetings. PPDVP review – interviews.</p>	<p><b><u>Commentary:</u></b> Ongoing activity in 2009 – 2010 - Cook Islands</p> <p><b><u>Achievements:</u></b> 2006 onwards - linkages established with Punanga Tauturu.</p> <p>2007 - MoU between Police and NGO.</p> <p>2007 - both groups join in delivery of training on Rarotonga and in outlying islands.</p> <p>2007 onwards - case files shared.</p> <p>April 2009 - Punanga Tauturu advise regional consultation at RRRT that Police have a greater insight in to the levels of DV reporting in the country. Recognise that Police may be constrained by resources at times.</p> <p>Tonga 2006 - Initial linkages with Catholic Women's League; Tongan National Centre for Women and Children and others.</p> <p>2008 - Linkages with Lifeline and Salvation Army established, male offenders referred for counselling through Lifeline.</p>

			<p>April 2009 - CEO of MoA advises regional meeting of the success of their interactions with the Tonga Police DVU, and of their support and participating in forthcoming training of staff in May 2009.</p> <p>Samoa 2006 - Linkages with Victim Support and Mapusaga O Aiga and others established.</p> <p>2007 - Development of protocols for regular interaction with DVU.</p> <p>2008 – 2009 - Agreement in place for information sharing, regular case work meetings held weekly. Cases and "clients" regularly referred between agencies.</p> <p>Kiribati 2006 onwards - Linkages established with KANGO and the specific NGO's, including the shelter for women operated by the Catholic church.</p> <p>2008 - Community meeting hosted by PPDVP and Kiribati Police.</p> <p>2008 - 2009 - participation with the GBV survey and the plan of action as a national response mechanism for Kiribati.</p>
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			<p>Vanuatu 2008 - Consultation with Vanuatu Women's Centre in project design.</p> <p>2008 - Participation by PPDVP at VWC annual workshop.</p> <p>April 2009 - CEO of VWC endorses PPDVP and the new Vanuatu DVU at regional meeting.</p> <p>Vanuatu, Samoa and Kiribati NGO's active in GBV WHO surveys and response, as well as CEDAW activities.</p> <p>April 2009 - NGO's from Samoa, Tonga, Kiribati, Vanuatu and others commit to national GBV Committees, in association with existing structures in place, and in support of the RRRT programme.</p>
Activity 3.4.1: Identify and meet with relevant NGOs/agencies and establish mechanisms to work in partnership with Police to share information, carry out public surveys/focus groups, plan and carry out community awareness raising		Agreed processes in place in Cook Islands, Tonga and Samoa. Limited progress to 2009 with Kiribati but planned for 2009 - 2010. Excellent relationships exist in Vanuatu which will expedite the process there.	
Output 3.5 An effective network of agencies committed to preventing/responding to DV exists and meets regularly to plan and implement consistent and coordinated action on DV.	<p>Key senior agency representatives have formed a National Committee on DV</p> <p>Agreement on role of Ctte.</p> <p>Regular meetings and individual</p>	<p>Names of members of National Committee.</p> <p>TOR of Committee.</p> <p>Minutes of meetings.</p> <p>DVPC/Mentor reports on programmes undertaken.</p>	<p><b>Commentary:</b> 2009 - 2010 - Priority activity, especially in Cook Islands where there is resistance to national committees, and a lack of active support for the concept by the Chief of Police.</p>

	agency and joint programmes on DV.		<p>Active support to the complimentary roles of RRRT programme and PPDVP working together from Police and society level.</p> <p><b>Achievements:</b>  2008 - National DV / GBV Committee established in Samoa with 22 government and NGO's represented at senior level. TOR established. Samoa Committee meets three times by May 2009.</p> <p>2008 - Police Commander initiates local Tonga committee - two meetings held in 2009 and TOR's established. NGO or Government agency to take the lead.</p> <p>2008 - Kiribati President announces a national response plan to GBV and establishes national working group. TOR being developed in early 2009.</p> <p>Vanuatu have an existing structure led by the VCW which will develop to become a nation GBV Committee, working in support of the RRRT project of activities in Vanuatu. Supported in principle by ComPol of Vanuatu Police Force.</p>
Activity 3.5.1: Identify key individuals at senior levels in agencies/NGOs to be part of a network on DV		See 3.5 above. RRRT focus will accelerate this process in all countries.	
Activity 3.5.2: Facilitate regular networking meetings to share policy, practice, constraints relating to DV		As above.	

Activity 3.5.3: Develop consistent, coordinated messages, information and approaches on DV	As above.
Activity 3.5.4: Work with agencies/NGOs and other reps to develop a national policy on DV	As above.
Activity 3.5.5: Organise at least one wider meeting a year for govt.agencies, churches, community leaders and others to share information and publicise DV	Undertaken in Kiribati in 2008, a lower level of meetings has been held in Samoa, Tonga and Cook islands but not as a combined meeting in country. Consideration will be given to this in 2009 - 2010.

<p><b>Objective 4</b> To support the development of appropriate legislation on domestic violence and training for the judiciary/legal profession in Cook Islands, Samoa, Tonga and Kiribati . Note - Vanuatu included in programme from July 2008</p>			
Outputs	Indicators	MOV	Commentary/ Achievements
<p><b>Objective 4</b> To support the development of appropriate legislation on domestic violence and training for the judiciary/legal profession in Cook Islands, Samoa, Tonga and Kiribati . Note - Vanuatu included in programme from July 2008</p>	<p>Existing legislation reviewed Policy submission on need for new legislation prepared</p> <p>Drafting TA provided if necessary</p> <p>Legislation enacted and enforced</p> <p>Access to training on DV for judiciary/legal profession facilitated as necessary</p>	<p>Legislation review report Policy submission.</p> <p>Appropriate legislation.</p> <p>Training reports/evaluations.</p>	<p><b>Commentary:</b> 2009 – 2010 - Activities - Support to introduction of Samoa DV legislation. Participation in RRRT initiation of Changing Laws: Protecting Women programme across region.</p> <p><b>Achievements:</b> 2007 - Samoa Consultations with AG over a previous attempt to introduce DV legislation which had failed, largely because of a lack of buy in by local people.</p> <p>2008 - Agreement reached on development of Samoa DV legislation. Consultant employed and first draft agreed in April 2009, to proceed to community consultation.</p> <p>2008 - RRRT review existing legislation across the region and propose programme of activities. Use PPDVP PDD as the basis for their programme design.</p> <p>2008 - Cook Islands</p>



			<p>Senior Legal Drafter agrees to examine DV law. Reinforced at RRRT workshop in April 2009.</p> <p>April 2009 - RRRT Consultation Programme of Changing Laws: Protecting Women launched with PPDVP as a partner. Advertisement for in country resource to lead activities and establishment of DV committees to provide support and leadership.</p>
<p>Output 4.1 Appropriate legislation to enable Police to respond effectively to DV is in place and enforced</p>	<p>Review of need for new legislation Policy submission to Govt. Appropriate legislation in place Training for Police in implications of legislation</p>	<p>Report of review.  Policy submission. Copy of Legislation.  Training reports/evaluations. DVPC/Mentor reports. PPDVP review.</p>	<p><b>Commentary:</b> 2009 – 2010 - Activities Participate in "in- country examinations" with RRRT programme to determine gaps as part of analysis steps  See also 4.0 above.</p> <p><b>Achievements:</b> April 2009 - PPDVP Participation in regional consultation and country specific analysis on legislation change required. Schedule of activities developed. Initiation plans agreed.</p>
<p>Activity 4.1.1: Identify any work already underway regionally or nationally to address legislative change</p>			<p>Each country canvassed - Vanuatu has Bill, now Act as at March 2009, in place. Nil specific DV in Samoa, Tonga, Cook Is or Kiribati. PIF have sexual crimes model legislation, but only implemented in one country (Tonga) but does not meet DV requirements.</p>

Activity 4.1.2: Assess existing legislation and identify need for new or improved legislation		All countries require specific DV legislation.	
Activity 4.1.3: Work with Police and other relevant agencies to prepare policy submission to Government on need for new legislation		Samoa pilot programme initiated in 2007 and funded in 2008 - 09 FY. This legislation and the new Vanuatu legislation, using some of the portions of the Fiji draft legislation, potentially offer a tool kit which can be used by other countries. RRRT Consultation in April 2009 allowed for a detailed regional analysis to be completed and specific country needs identified.	
Activity 4.1.4: Identify constraints on developing new legislation and ways to overcome these constraints (eg short term legal drafting assistance)		Expert assistance found in Samoa and available from RRRT.	
Activity 4.1.5: Ensure adequate consultation on proposed new legislation		Consultation is a key product in the Samoa development. Includes specific consultation with NGO's, as well as wider community.	
Activity 4.1.6: Carry out training of Police in relation to changes in Police powers or requirements from legislative change		Samoa anticipated in 2009 - 2010.	
Output 4.2 The judiciary and legal profession is trained to effectively implement DV legislation	Training needs assessed Appropriate training accessed or provided Appropriate sentencing of DV offenders	Report on training needs. Training report. Training evaluations. Court/Police records. PPDVP review including interviews with judicial/legal profession.	<p><b><u>Commentary:</u></b> 2009 – 2010 - Activities Consultation with replacement PJDP to assess work areas where DV component can be added.</p> <p>Support to PSF funded analysis of Police Prosecutor training requirements and development of a regional programme to ensure that DV is a component throughout the training, and using expertise of in country mentors to advise on the programme design. (Samoa and Kiribati initially)</p> <p><b><u>Achievements:</u></b> 2006 – 2007 - Cook Islands Meetings with senior Justice of Peace to develop awareness on DV - matter deferred to PJDP initiation.</p>

			<p>2007 - PJDP Initial meetings with PJDP and agreement to work with them in delivery of awareness and training to courts and judiciary.</p> <p>Workshop held in Cook islands and Kiribati with further planned. PPDVP staff provide specific input on DV matters within overall curriculum.</p> <p>2007 - Kiribati Two workshops held by PPDVP with court registrars and staff - awareness, case management, no drop processes.</p> <p>2008 - Crown Law and PILON Litigation Skills programme. Amendment to scenarios to include DV scenario used by Police trainers. Participation and awareness raising at workshop in Vanuatu. Support attendance by 5 Police prosecutors in litigation skills programme.</p> <p>March 2009 - agreement with NZ Law Society Family Law Section on cooperation over legal drafting and provision of expert advice where this is required and appropriate.</p> <p>June 2009 - Two Samoa police prosecutors work alongside NZ Police</p>
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			Prosecutions staff in family court environment to reinforce skills.
Activity 4.2.1: Identify training needs for judiciary/legal profession on DV		General DV knowledge, especially with lay Magistrates and Justice of Peace (Kiribati and Cook Islands) was very low. Training provided alongside PJDP. Identified that Judges will only easily adopt training from contemporaries.	
Activity 4.2.2: Ensure no other agency (eg RRRT) is addressing this need		RAC process used to consider this and other options - specific DV processes best dealt with by PPDVP.	
Activity 4.2.3: Identify opportunities for training, appropriate trainers and funding required		PJDP was a key associate but the lapse of their programme has left a gap, which will be filled in 2009 - 2010. If gap is not filled this will be delivered by an alternative process, possibly using Small Grants or TAF, if required. Crown Law Litigation skills used as above.	
Activity 4.2.4: Arrange for/carry out training		Provided in Cook Islands and Kiribati. Other dependent on PJDP or alternative. Crown Law PILON processes used as above in 2008.	

<b>Objective 5</b> To support development of appropriate national policy on domestic violence and incorporation of appropriate actions in national development plans in Cook Islands, Samoa, Tonga and Kiribati. Note - Vanuatu included in programme from July 2008			
Outputs	Indicators	MOV	Commentary/ Achievements
<b>Objective 5:</b> To support development of appropriate national policy on domestic violence and incorporation of appropriate actions in national development plans in Cook Islands, Samoa, Tonga and Kiribati and Vanuatu	National Policy on DV developed and agreed by key agencies, endorsed by government and widely promoted National Development Plans incorporate DV as key issue, defining roles for different agencies in addressing it .	National Policy on DV.  National Development Plans/Strategies.	<p><b>Commentary:</b>          Progress in this activity has initially been very slow as the Police have had to demonstrate their abilities and commitment to then initiate change.</p> <p>2009 – 2010 - The linkages with RRRT programme and the raised awareness and confidence in police processes will be capitalised on by Implementation Team and Mentors.</p> <p><b>Achievements:</b>          2007 - Tonga - agreement with AG and SG on process to initiate change.</p> <p>2008 - Samoa AG - agreement to work with Min of Women's Affairs and others to initiate development of policy in line with legislation.</p> <p>2008 - Kiribati protection order provisions added to remodelled Police empowering legislation, due for enactment in June 2009.</p>
Output 5.1			

A national policy on DV is developed, agreed by Government and effectively implemented	National Policy in place  NP includes roles and responsibilities of different agencies  Agencies/NGOs implementing policy	National Policy on DV.  Agency/NGO reports to the National Committee on DV. PPDVP review.	see above
Activity 5.1.1: Work with DV network to develop and implement a national policy on DV (share other policies, clarify roles of different agencies/NGOs, providing support in coordinating inputs, seeking Govt. endorsement, publication, distribution)		As above - ongoing. RRRT process offers encouragement.	
Activity 5.1.2: Monitor and report on implementation of the Policy		As above	
Output 5.2 National Development Plans emphasise importance of addressing domestic violence and identify appropriate actions for Police and relevant agencies	National Development Plans incorporate DV as key issue, defining roles for different agencies in addressing it	National Development Plan.	see above
Activity 5.2.2: Work with relevant govt. agencies and national planning dept. to ensure NDP includes a strong message on DV and identifies key actions for relevant agencies		As for 5.1.1	